[Attachment A]



INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS AND AEROSPACE WORKERS DISTRICT LODGE 19

OFFICE OF GENERAL CHAIRMAN: KENNETH KRAUSE

March 9, 2022

Sent Via Email & Standard Mail

Mr. Karl Alexy Chief Safety Officer Federal Railroad Administration 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE RRD-10 Mail Stop 25 Washington, DC 20590

Subject: Union Pacific Railroad FRA Daily Mechanical Locomotive Inspection

Dear Karl Alexy

The International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers (known as the IAM) is a labor Organization that provides collective bargaining representation on behalf of the active and retired members. There are approximately 10,000 IAM members who are employed by railroad carriers that are subject to the oversight of the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA). IAM railroad members work as locomotive Machinists, facility maintenance, vehicle maintenance, and on track maintenance.

The IAM is contacting your office regarding a very serious safety concern with respect to Union Pacific's cost cutting measures of using unskilled, untrained, and unqualified National Conference of Fireman and Oilers (NCFO) to perform critical FRA Daily Mechanical Locomotive Inspection, Maintenance and Repair on their locomotives, otherwise recognized as the LMI9414 form. Under 49 CFR § 229.21, Union Pacific Railroad must do the following:

49 CFR § 229.21 Daily Inspection

(a) Except for MU locomotives, each locomotive in use shall be inspected at least once during each calendar day. A written report of the inspection shall be made. This report shall contain the name of the carrier; the initials and number of the locomotive; the place, date and time of the inspection; a description of the non-complying conditions disclosed by the inspection; and the signature of the employee making the inspection. Except as provided in § 229.9, 229.137, and 229,139, any conditions that constitute non-compliance with any requirement of this part shall be repaired before the locomotive is used. Except with respect to conditions that do not comply with § 229.137 or 229.139, a notation shall be made on the report indicating the nature of the repairs that have been made. Repairs made for conditions that do not comply with § 229.137 or § 229.139 may be noted on the report, or in electronic form. The person making the repairs shall sign the report. The report shall be filed and retained for at least 92 days in the office of the carrier at the terminal at which the





- locomotive is cared for. A record shall be maintained on each locomotive showing the place, date and time of the previous inspection.
- (b) Each MU locomotive in use shall be inspected at least once during each calendar day and a written report of the inspection shall be made. This report may be part of a single master report covering an entire group of MU's. If any non-complying conditions are found, a separate, individual report shall be made containing the name of the carrier; the initials and number of the locomotive; the place, date, and time of the inspection; the non-complying conditions found; and the signature of the inspector. Except as provided in § 229.9, 229.137, and 229.139, any conditions that constitute non-compliance with any requirement of this part shall be repaired before the locomotive is used. Except with respect to conditions that do not comply with§ 229.137 or § 229.139, a notation shall be made on the report indicating the nature of the repairs that have been made. Repairs made for conditions that do not comply with § 229.137 or § 229.139 may be noted on the report, or in electronic form. A notation shall be made on the report indicating the nature of the repairs that have been made. The person making the repairs shall sign the report. The report shall be filed in the office of the carrier at the place where the inspection is made or at one central location and retained for at least 92 days.
- (c) Each carrier shall designate qualified persons to make the inspections required by this section.

It has recently come to our attention that at the North Little Rock Arkansas Service Track facility, the Union Pacific Railroad abolished all of IAM represented Mechanical Federal Inspector positions whose work encompassed the Daily Mechanical Locomotive Inspection Maintenance (LMI9414). On January 24, 2022, Union Pacific readvertised the same positions and awarded them to NCFO Labors who are now assigned to perform the LMI9414 and other Machinist's work associated with this inspection/repair, at the Carrier's North Little Rock facility. Our understanding is that the Carrier intends to expand such practice to additional locomotive service locations throughout the Union Pacific system.

Unilaterally reassigning this work to the untrained NCFO Laborers is directly contrary to the Carrier's obligation under 49 CFR § 229.21 (C) to designate qualified persons to inspect the following: Locomotive handrails and grab-irons, steps & safety chains, platforms & walkways, Handbrake, Fire Extinguisher, Horn & Bell, Protective Guards & Covers, FRA Windows, Required Stencils, Water Leaks, Oil Leaks, Fuel Leaks, Exhaust Leaks, Governor Lube oil (if equipped), Air Compressor oil and function, Cooling System, Truck & Underframe Overall Condition, Main Reservoirs, Blowdown Drains, Mu Cut-out Cocks/Locks, Brake Shoe and Rigging, Air Dryer Function and Humidity Indicator, Traction Motors, and Journals & Wheels. These inspections have been conducted by the skilled and trained Machinist's workforce represented by the IAM for decades. Removing these supremely qualified individuals from the work of the FRA daily inspection and replacing them with others puts the workers and the public at risk, not to mention it is also contradicting the CFR § 229.5- Definitions as the NCFO are not and have never been a Qualified Mechanical Inspector:

Qualified mechanical inspector means a person who has received instruction and training that includes "hands-on" experience (under appropriate supervision or apprenticeship) in one or more of the following functions: troubleshooting, inspection, testing, maintenance or repair of the specific locomotive equipment for which the person is assigned responsibility. This person shall also possess a current understanding of what is required to properly repair and maintain the locomotive equipment for which the person is assigned responsibility. Further, the qualified mechanical inspector shall be a person whose primary responsibility includes work generally consistent with the functions listed in this definition.

As the FRA is aware, Union Pacific has joined all other Class I Railroads in the practice of furloughing thousands of its highly qualified employees across all crafts, including the IAM Machinists, who are skilled Mechanical mechanics. Union Pacific Railroad has irresponsibly opted to transfer the federal inspection work



to unqualified NCFO workers. Due to the freight sector's new business model Precision Scheduled Railroading, Union Pacific Railroad continues to cut and compress the workforce to do more with less, thus putting workers and the public safety at risk.

We share the FRA goal of the continued safe operations of this railroad. If Union Pacific is permitted to proceed with the reassignment of the Federal Inspection work at this facility and others, it will significantly undermine safety. Thank you for your consideration of this critical issue.

Sincerely,

Kenneth Krause

Kenneth Krause IAM&AW District Lodge 19 General Chairman 816-982-1218

J. Michael Perry

of Michael Peny

IAM&AW District Lodge 19

President Directing General Chairman

Kyle K Loos

IAM&AW District Lodge 19

Assistant President Directing General Chairman

Cc. File







INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS AND AEROSPACE WORKERS DISTRICT LODGE 19

OFFICE OF GENERAL CHAIRMAN: JAMES B. ORWAN

April 14, 2022

Sent Via Email & Standard Mail

Mr. Karl Alexy Chief Safety Officer Federal Railroad Administration 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE RRD-10 Mail Stop 25 Washington, DC 20590

Subject: Norfolk Southern Railroad FRA Daily Mechanical Locomotive Inspection

Dear Mr. Alexy,

The International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers (known as the IAM) is a labor Organization that provides collective bargaining representation on behalf of the active and retired members. There are approximately 10,000 IAM members who are employed by railroad carriers that are subject to the oversight of the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA). IAM railroad members work as locomotive Machinists, facility maintenance, vehicle maintenance, and on track maintenance.

The IAM is contacting your office regarding a very serious safety concern with respect to Union Pacific's cost cutting measures of using unskilled, untrained, and unqualified National Conference of Fireman and Oilers (NCFO) to perform critical FRA Daily Mechanical Locomotive Inspection, Maintenance and Repair on their locomotives, otherwise recognized as the LMI9414 form. Under 49 CFR § 229.21, Union Pacific Railroad must do the following:

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- (c) Each carrier shall designate qualified persons to make the inspections required by this section.

It has recently come to our attention that at the Elkhart, Indiana Locomotive Shop Mainline fuel pad and service track facility, the Norfolk Southern Railroad abolished all of IAM represented Mechanical Federal Inspector positions whose work encompassed the Locomotive Calendar Day Inspections (LCDI). Norfolk Southern readvertised the same positions and awarded them to NCFO Labors who are now assigned to perform the ME-65 and LCDI forms and other Machinist's work associated with this inspection/repair, at the Carrier's Elkhart, Indiana facility. Our understanding is that the Carrier intends to expand such practice to additional locomotive service locations throughout the Norfolk Southern system, Including Enola, PA, Lambert's Point, VA, Chicago, IL, Chattanooga, TN, Decatur, IL, and Kansas City, MO.

Unilaterally reassigning this work to the untrained NCFO Laborers is directly contrary to the Carrier's obligation under 49 CFR § 229.21 (C) to designate qualified persons to inspect the following: Locomotive handrails and grab-irons, steps & safety chains, platforms & walkways, Handbrake, Fire Extinguisher, Horn & Bell, Protective Guards & Covers, FRA Windows, Required Stencils, Water Leaks, Oil Leaks, Fuel Leaks, Exhaust Leaks, Governor Lube oil (if equipped), Air Compressor oil and function, Cooling System, Truck & Underframe Overall Condition, Main Reservoirs, Blowdown Drains, Mu Cut-out Cocks/Locks, Brake Shoe and Rigging, Air Dryer Function and Humidity Indicator, Traction Motors, and Journals & Wheels. These inspections have been conducted by the skilled and trained Machinist's workforce represented by the IAM for decades. Removing these supremely qualified individuals from the work of the FRA daily inspection and replacing them with others puts the workers and the public at risk, not to mention it is also contradicting the CFR § 229.5- Definitions as the NCFO are not and have never been a Qualified Mechanical Inspector:

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As the FRA is aware, Union Pacific has joined all other Class I Railroads in the practice of furloughing thousands of its highly qualified employees across all crafts, including the IAM Machinists, who are skilled Mechanical mechanics. Union Pacific Railroad has irresponsibly opted to transfer the federal inspection work to unqualified NCFO workers. Due to the freight sector's new business model Precision Scheduled Railroading, Norfolk Southern Railroad has cut and compressed its workforce to do more with less, thus putting workers' and the public's safety at risk.

We share the FRA goal of the continued safe operations of this railroad. If Norfolk Southern is permitted to proceed with the reassignment of the Federal Inspection work at this facility and others, it will significantly undermine safety. Thank you for your consideration of this critical issue.

Sincerely,

James Orwan

General Chairman

IAMAW District 19

J. Michael Peny

J. Michael Perry

Kyle K Loos

President Directing General Chairman

IAMAW District 19

Kyle K Loos

Assistant President Directing General Chairman

IAMAW District 19

Note:

IB = Inbound train OB = Outbound train G2 = Global 2



New Turnover Document - NO IB Turnover

Jeremy J. Parker to: PROVISO MECHANICAL CAR FOREMEN
Cd: Proviso Car Managers

06/09/2019 07:40 PM

From:

Jeremy J. Parker/UPC

"PROVISO MECHANICAL CAR FOREMEN"

<PROVISO_MECHANICAL_CAR_FOREMEN@UP.COM>

Cc Proviso Car Managers

All, everyone should have seen the abolishments on Saturday that will take effect 6/16 transitioning our team from an IB and OB foreman to a single foreman over all yard operations. I believe this will increase our resource productivity through one person directing operations. There is a lead man in Yard 9 - Utilize him. There will be a CD515 in the near future - utilize him. Hold your people accountable when they do not meet our performance expectations so you don't have to continually waste your time talking to people. You won't have time.

It is very clear:

1.5 minutes/car in the OB

1 minute/car in the IB

1 minute/car in G2

We already have the IB Leadman sending the information necessary for the turnover in yard 9 by scanning both of their forms. The IB Turnover will no longer be needed.

The attached form will be the new turnover document encompassing all yard operations.

NOTE THE NAME CHANGES:

Share View

ifety

> This PC > G1 (\upcorp.ad.uprr.com\prvsg1) (G:) > PRVS CAR DEPT > Foreman > Yard Files

iles ^	Name	Date modified	Туре
CON	AIR COMPRESSOR FOLDER	4/23/2019 5:06 PM	File folder
nived	Archived	6/9/2019 7:31 PM	File folder
ıs of	Maps of Yards	6/9/2019 7:28 PM	File folder
en G€	(2) G2 Priority Train BOs.docx	6/7/2018 6:22 PM	Microsoft Office
	IB Carmen Paperwork Rev 10-16-18.xls	10/16/2018 1:06 PM	Microsoft Office E
1 in 1	YARD DAILY WORKSHEET.xlsx	4/16/2019 6:27 PM	Microsoft Office E
	YARD TURNOVER LOG.xlsx	6/9/2019 7:04 PM	Microsoft Office E
	Proviso Truck Report.doc	5/29/2018 9:00 AM	Microsoft Office
	III) Radios.xlsx	1/28/2018 8:16 PM	Microsoft Office E
'CEF	Yard Repair JC.xlsx	11/15/2016 1:26 PM	Microsoft Office E

[Attachment C]

Testimonials and Resignation Letters from Carmen and Machinists

Submitted as attachments to TCU/IAM testimony before the Surface Transportation Board (STB)

Resignation Letter from 10-year Machinist at Norfolk Southern

From: Jeremy Strawser	
Sent: Tuesday, April 19, 2022 7:39 PM	
To: <u>J</u>	
Subiect:	

My resignation from Norfolk Southern transpired from several different reasons. The main reason was the unpredictable work schedule. An example of an unpredictable work schedule is being left know that you have to stay at work for hours 4 hours longer with a 15 to 30 minute notice just before the end of the shift. Another big reason was the the hostile working environment management created by constantly looking for rule violations and putting service before safety. With these violations sometimes you didn't find out till 10-15 days later when you got a letter in the mail stating you violated a rule. Another reason was the constant job abolishments and restructuring up jobs due to the lack of manpower. Another reason is lack of weekend jobs. If the company would have never went down this path I would still most likely be employed by them. At one time I really enjoyed being employed there, but towards the end I dreaded going to work every day. It was a hard decision to cut my ties with the company after 10 years.

Jeremy Strawser

18-year CSX Machinist Resignation Letter – August, 2019

----- Original message -----

From: "Makowski, Paul"

Date: 08/15/2019 08:07 (GMT-05:00)

To: Buffalo Mechanical Group

Cc: Buffalo Mechanical Managers, Buffalo Terminal Team, Buffalo Yardmasters

Subject: Resignation

My fellow coworkers,

As of today I am resigning my position with CSX. I started here in 2001 and have watched this company change, unfortunately not for the better. I cannot fathom how spending so much time and effort to take employees out of service is a good business practice. Managers put more obstacles in the way of getting the job done, that is amazing that anything even gets accomplished. It is frustrating to have to explain to trainmasters that we can't put a consist together due to lack of manpower. They know we can't do that and why, but yet they complain when we tell them so.

I will miss many of you that I have worked with. I wish you all luck and hope that everyone can weather the storm of stupidity that is blowing through the industry. It is a knowledgeable, well trained craft employee that is the most valuable tool this company has. Unfortunately, those in management don't value that ability and do everything they can to handcuff those that know how to do their job and do it well. It would be interesting to see how much freight would move if management had to do all the ground work.

To all those in management, most of you have obviously forgotten where you came from. The stories that have gone around about some of you over my 18 years here would have had you on the streets in a heartbeat if you even thought about that today. I don't understand how you can demand employees to respect you when you have absolutely no respect for any of them or their abilities. You are not true leaders, you are glorified slave drivers that believe you are better than those under you. Perhaps if you treat your employees with dignity and respect, you could boost morale and more work would be accomplished with better quality and efficiency. In the past month, Frontier Diesel has lost over 100 years of experience all to be left in the hands of one machinist with 10 months on the railroad.

I guess you are going to need to stock up on a butt-load of Non-Compliance Tags.

Farewell to all.

11/26/2021

To whom it may concern,

I have been a carman for Norfolk Southern for almost 15 years. I took pride in my work. I truly sought to provide the best of me to this corporation and our customers.

Being a carman was as challenging as it was rewarding and provided well for my family. It is under duress and with great sadness I am formally resigning from Norfolk Southern. The safety conditions are absurd. The amount of hours demanded from me and my coworkers is beyond dangerous. We are forced to cut corners and to not properly do our jobs. Your policies and focus on driving up the stock price is putting the general public in grave danger. Management is leaving this company as fast if not faster than agreement employees. Make no mistake we are leaving because of the heavy handed discipline, unsustainable goals and complete disregard to safety. Our customers aren't being given the service they deserve and there is no future for Norfolk Southern unless drastic measures are taken. I hope for those hanging on there that changes will be made allowing them to take pride again in their work and the security to know they have a safe place to work. This is my two weeks notice.

Aaron Mattingly Employee ID 0194454 From: Alan Zook

Sent: Tuesday, April 19, 2022 3:46 PM **Subject:** Letter details of Resignation

To James and others it may concern,

My name is Alan Zook, prior NS Employee #0332514. Hire date was July, 2008; Resigned in October of 2021.

There were many ups and downs at this job, but in the beginning of my 13 year career safety was king, and cooperation between management and workers was overall very smooth. As a previous Mechanic and having been trained by NS to do the job they wanted, it felt good to have a company be concerned about my wellbeing, and going home safely. There was pride in our work, and the time taken to do it properly.

Soon though, many things would change. With the removal of Ernie as our Shop Manager, and the installation of Pat Johnson, it seemed the whole culture of our shop was about to change. The first year or so was absolutely fine, and management still got along. Shortly after that our Vacation calendar got completely flipped, and many of the workers being only about halfway down the roster started to lose even a shot at a decent week of vacation, and days off they might need, due to new stipulations that seemed to do absolutely nothing for manpower. This was the early start of people leaving our shop.

Not long after, NS started to want to only appease their shareholders and became obsessed with only "Running Trains on Time." This also meant repairs went by the wayside, both on locomotives, and on simple things in our shop. More workers left.

The largest loss of manpower came when Brandon Heilig was appointed as shop manager. He would sit on a chair, on the shop floor, seemingly unaware that his dress shoes were not proper footwear governed by our working rules, and harass workers as they went about their day to day. Soon, the layoffs came along with suspensions as such for things that were seemingly never an issue before.

The culture changed from caring about safety to just getting engines out the door, whether they were fixed or not, or had glaring safety issues spelled what seemed like the end of getting engines out the door, fixed properly for Enola Diesel. More workers left.

Then Covid-19 happened, and the company many of us had worked for, for years, had an excuse to lay off our brothers, and force those of us left on seemingly endless amounts of overtime. I myself had many weeks with 2 and 3 days of 12 hours, with no advance warning or preparation; nor any chance at understanding why or how. Lots of work or a little less than usual, we were going to be forced extra hours, and also forced to do the jobs of many extra people, whether it was in our craft or not.

My personal nail in the coffin of my tenure at NS came at the cost of a very amazing human being. His name was Stuart Riggs, a great guy who'd lend anyone a hand was great at his job. While his accident was definitely a freak one, the shop area where it happened had been reported numerous times for being in disrepair. I wasn't there the night it happened as I was on my rest days. But I later learned not 6 hours later and when I returned, that things were "as normal," again and it was supposedly business as usual. Norfolk Southern did nothing for my coworkers, especially the one who watched his accident happen, a woman who had worked

with him for years, got little more than a couple days of leave. Our own and other unions were the only ones to step up and offer help to the workers who might have been feeling all different ways due to said accident.

I can only hope, and I do have serious confidence in both Brad Kirk and Robbie Hall being in the upper levels of Management at Enola Diesel, that some things can be turned around. I worked with both these men for some time, and they always tried to do the right thing.

This all being said, I took a \$15/hour pay cut to leave. I still do not regret this as my new employer does actually care about safety, and even in the current working climate isn't hammering its workers with overtime due to being understaffed. Sure, there's some, but they understand that taking as many volunteers as they can and only forcing the absolute minimum they need works better.

I certainly wish all my Union Brothers and Sisters the absolute best, and while holding no hatred for the people I knew from Norfolk Southern, I will NEVER return to any place of employment with "NS" in its logo, whether I'm allowed to or not.

Regards, Alan Zook



Notice of Resignation

chad newsom <newsom1868@gmail.com> To: chad newsom <newsom1868@gmail.com>

Wed, Aug 4, 9:06 PM

To Whom it may concern,

J. Chad Newsom, would like to provide this notice as my formal resignation from my position as Carman in Portsmouth (Ohio). I would like to request that my vacation that is due to me for the remainder of 2021 and 2022 be paid out as soon as possible.

Norfolk Southern was a dream job for me when I was hired July 6th 2007 and I appreciate the opportunity that NS has provided me during my time with the RR. The past couple years have been incredibly challenging, the mindset of the company is hurting the employees and families. Based on the amount of cutbacks of employees and puper management that no longer cares for the safety of the people doing the work for them has contributed to an unsafe workplace. I feel for my former coworkers who still to this day have to tolerate the abuse in fear for their fivelihood.

One day I hope that the company that I gave my heart and soul to for 14 years realizes why veteran employees are walking away. I sincerely hope that this resignation letter does not fall on deaf ears.

Formally one of your most dedicated employees, Chad R Newsom Employee ID # 019963

Letter from NS Carman Gary Phelps to NS CEO. Gary sent this on November 8^{th} , 2021. He resigned two weeks later.

PHELPS, GARY

This company has sent out messages through forge. Saying that a well rested work force with an appropriate work life balance, is a more productive work force, and a happier one. On the ground with the employees whom actually move freight we do not see an appropriate work life balance we do not see the appropriate amount of rest needed to be at our best. So maybe there is a disconnect between what is going on at the corporate office in Atlanta to what is going on a cross the system. We our continuously force to work 12, 14, or 16 hr shifts, many times by ourselves. This is a recipe rushed to complete our work. We use to have a motto "No job so important, No service so Urgent, without being the time to do our job safely." I was told by management that is not a "thing" anymore. No service so Urgent, that we cannot take what this once leader in safety, the Harriman award winner 20 yrs in a row, so often that they discontinued the award. To the rushed, hurried, disgrace this railroad has become. So Again, when will NS start practicing what it preaches, Hire the employees into the ground in attempts to gain another. 10 cents on the share.

From: jameson McKnight

Sent: Wednesday, November 3, 2021 7:05 PM **To:**; Todd Osborn

Cc: James Ramey; Korey Jones **Subject:** Official Resignation

It has been an honor to work for Norfolk Southern. When I was hired in, December 2010, I wanted to make this my final job. Over my career, I have learned to adapt and change with company policy to meet business needs. The railroad is a volatile changing industry, but over the last two-three years the company has shifted its focus to something absolutely foreign to me. Everything we do now completely goes against the principles and procedures that we've been taught and trained to do. We used to be a company of safety, quality, and productivity. Those were the main focus points and tackled in that order. Now, we work under constant threat of our jobs. Discipline over education. Minimum workforce with maximum workload. "Urgency" is a term that's constantly thrown in our faces. Urgency will get someone killed. The complacency to safety training/educational workshops and the constant rush to get the work done are not worth our lives and limbs. This is my official resignation. I've given this company 11 years of safe, quality, and productive work. I hope Norfolk Southern can make the necessary changes, and return to the great workplace that I once loved.

Jameson McKnight

T. McInery 3570 W. 111th Street Chicago IL, 60655

August 17, 2021

Union Pacific Railroad Mr. J. Parker Mechanical Department. Proviso Yard Chicago IL.

To Whom it may concern,

It was a pleasure and a privilege to once work for a Company like Union Pacific, but unfortunately with the new draconian approach from UP Management towards its employees is an absolute abuse of power, to where I can no longer look at this company as a safe place of employment. The extra work loads and expectations from Cutting all the jobs that I have known to be around for over 10 years, and then putting that extra workload on the remaining manpower through Forced Overtime is a complete disregard to our safety.

The new 'bully boy' attitude toward any manpower that is left, to just "get the job done at all costs" will not be at the cost of my life or limb. This constant forcing to work beyond reasonable safe hours, the never knowing how long I will have to work or when I can go home is a disgrace and unacceptable. UP Managements new expectations for us to look the other way, to cut corners, ignore defects, pull bad order cards, constantly on our backs to get the job done at all costs is totally unreasonable and unacceptable, this cannot or ever should be a condition for my employment.

I hope and pray that UP see a way back to a company where Safety is always a priority and not just a locker room poster or a saying and that UP will again recognize its work force are humans, brothers' sisters, fathers, and sons that need a better working quality of life with a place that is safe to work and not just corporate money mill.

With regrets,

1. Wichnery

Norfolk Southern Machinist' Statement on how PSR has impacted their location

We have redacted this person's name to protect them against retaliation.

April 19th, 2022

To whom it may concern:

PSR and its effects on my location at NS.

PSR has made railroading just like any other job. When I started you got on & you stayed for your career. Now we have people leaving after 15 to 20 years of service due to the lack of man power, the expectations of NS and it's stock holders.

It's nothing new to be the only person on a shift to build consists and work in the shop, which is very unsafe if something were to happen while working. There is no management on 2nd or 3rd shift, so when you are by yourself you are it. There is no one to help if a problem arises.

They have treated people so bad in this process that, at our location, no one wants to come back after furlough, so that leaves us with 3 machinist 4 electrician & 2 Laborers (9 total) to run 24/hrs a day, 7 days a week.

We are expected to change traction motors with 1 person, which is definitely a safety concern since you can't see both sides to watch clearances. They have implemented forced overtime, so if you come to work there is a good chance you will be forced over to cover other shifts due to the lack of manpower, and that doesn't include if someone is sick or on vacation.

NS is out for one thing: their stockholders. Period. We run more broken engines with band aid fixes on them than any other railroad, and NS doesn't care as long as the train is on time and stock prices are where they want them at.

So hopefully at some point they will figure it out this doesn't work, and get back to being a safety-first railroad instead of a profit-first railroad before someone at my shop seriously gets injured or killed.

To Whom It May Concern:

The membership of this lodge includes: Minot, ND, Mandan, ND, Laurel, MT, Havre, MT, and Great falls, MT on the BNSF system, as well as Missoula, MT, Helena, MT, Livingston, MT, and Laurel, MT of the Montana Rail Link.

Our local lodge covers several areas that have been affected by the railroads cutting costs (and jobs) that might interest the STB in their hearing next week.

Glendive, Montana – The shop was closed 2 years ago, and less than half of the machinists furloughed there found other jobs within the BNSF railroad.

Havre, Montana - Three and a half years ago, there were 106 machinists on the roster in Havre. Today there are 79. We are under continuous threat of forced overtime if we cannot get enough volunteers to do overtime. The company Hasn't tried to hire more here until the last 2 months, but considering stagnated wages, increasing health insurance costs, and shift work not conducive to family life, it is hard to attract qualified applicants. Railroad seems to be no longer competitive in the labor market.

Minot, North Dakota and Mandan, North Dakota - Each shop is currently running a 24/7 service track with 7 machinists on location. The company has resisted all attempts to get them to hire someone for years, despite the fact that when anyone calls off sick, is put on leave of absence, takes their earned vacation, or gets sent out on a road trip, someone gets forced onto a 12 or 16-hour shift.

All of this goes on while the company continuously whittles down what they want checked or repaired on a locomotive. And management increasingly lets locomotives go down the tracks with defects we are fully capable of fixing because of constant pressure from corporate to release units for service.

Sincerely,

Michael Smith Local Lodge 430 IAMAW Subject: Regarding PSR with Class 1 Railroads

Date: Monday, April 18, 2022 at 7:35:44 PM Eastern Daylight Time

From:

To:

Arouca David

To whom it may concern,

Regarding to PSR amongst Class 1 Railroads, I believe has had a negative impact to every craft that ensures the railroad operates efficiently and most importantly safely. PSR has put an emphasis on more with less. Longer trains meanwhile cutting back on staff that maintains locomotives, freight cars and transportation employees. All which are essential to keeping America's freight running and is the backbone to this nation.

I work with Union Pacific and am a freight car Repairman for 12 years and a . I have first hand experience of how Union Pacific operates since PSR has been implemented. I have been furloughed four times since 2008. I've only come back to this career because it used to be very competitive on wages and benefits. In December 2018 in the Salt Lake City Yard we had approximately 74 Carmen, then were struck with PSR leaving only 24 left. I barely hung onto my seniority. Through the Last couple of years we have operated at bare minimum staff wise and are force to cut corners on inspecting and fixing freight cars just to keep the trains moving. We are given one minute per car, this includes inspecting, fixing and air testing the train. On a 150 car train it typically takes 2 carmen, 2 1/2 hours to complete. To give you an example of how corners are cut, if the Federal Railroad Association (FRA) shows up to audit our train, Management would put 4 carmen on this train and it would take approximately 4 hours to complete. As soon as FRA leaves it back to how management want us to work.

Employees are also forced to work over anytime there is a vacancy even for non emergency's. Everything is considered and emergency now, even working on freight cars, not just trains that need a Class 1 air test. Union Pacific operates at bare minimum employees, so you can see employees are burnt out and tired also from overly aggressive attendance policies. There is no relief from even sick days thus resulting in a red mark. I imagine this is the direct result from operating short staffed, Union Pacific can not afford to have anyone off.

In regards to our Collective Bargaining Agreement, I see employees frustrated from not having received a pay raise in 3 years. This has been difficult because of inflation and just shows employees Union Pacific does not care about letting employees receive any reward for their hard work in the last couple of years even delivering during the pandemic and after Union Pacific continues to have record profits quarterly.

As the company tries to recall furloughed employees, I've seen several employees reject the recall, approximately 50%. It should also be noted our craft has had several employees quit in our service unit with years of experience. This would have never been the case before PSR. I believe it because Railroad jobs are getting less and less attractive since other jobs are getting competitive. This is why we need a new contract. To attract well qualified and skilled employees who want a better wage and to get into a field that was once considered a craft and not an ordinary job which PSR has turned into. If I was furloughed to this day and recalled in the next year I would decline with what PSR has done to our crafts. Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,

Freight Car Repairmen

Letter from Union Pacific Carman Kyle Berliner

Surface Transportation Board 395 E. Street Southwest Washington D.C. 20423

Dear Chairman Oberman:

With the Precision Scheduled Railroading initiative commonly known as "PSR", the Carman craft has lost an overwhelming number of members. These employees are skilled at the inbound and outbound inspections of rolling freight cars, the testing of the air brake systems, and any-and-all repairs associated with these freight cars. The loss of these skilled workers comes at a great price to the safety of the general public. These record furloughs have all been in the name of PSR profiteering. The Union Pacific locations I represent are: Pueblo, CO, Denver, CO, Cheyenne, WY, and North Platt, NE.

Pueblo, Colorado has (0) zero Carmen employed in that yard location where now train crews are expected to conduct their own inspections and air test. Where there were once around (18) eighteen employees to assist with high and wide measurements, air brake tests, inbound and outbound inspections as well as repairing set out cars bad ordered for defects. The total elimination of carman in this location has done nothing but delay the average of around three trains a day as well as the added delay of set out bad orders adding to the cars terminal dwell. Carman that were stationed there were tasked with covering no only that yard in pueblo but also covered the area of Colorado springs. High and wide measurements that were performed in these locations are ignored totally or are assigned to be performed by the Denver Carman. The road truck repairman assigned to Denver location are now required to commute well over 2.5 hours one-way, should traffic conditions allow, to inspect and repair these cars in order to get them back into service. The added response time to get these cars back into service does nothing more than cause a delay in customers receiving their goods.

Denver, Colorado has (10) ten Carmen employed in that yard location and are being worked at a truly barbaric pace and expectation for this type of industry. Where there were once around (38) thirty eight employees to assist with high and wide measurements, air brake tests, inbound and outbound inspections, as well as repairing set out cars bad ordered for defects. At this point in time, the shortage of manpower and the oversight to refill vacancies through retirement attrition, resignation, and termination has decimated this once booming yard. The time trains wait from arrival to departure has increased exponentially, with instances of upwards of over (24) hours due to the refusal of the Carrier to retain and reinstate a diminished workforce. The Carmen on first shift now see an average of 2-3 trains inbound and outbound to be worked with no more than two Carmen, and in most cases one. The average of 7 inbound and outbound trains (with an average of 100+ cars per train) are expected to arrive and depart this location that previously was worked by an average of 3-4 carmen per shift in the North Yard location. When Carmen are not working outbound and inbound cars, they are expected to repair bad order set outs that were averaging 1-3 days, but now average 6-9 days before being released for the customers.

Cheyenne, Wyoming has (2) two Carman employed in that yard location where train crews are expected to conduct their own inspections and air tests. There were once around (28) twenty eight employees to assist with high and wide measurements, air brake tests, inbound and outbound inspections as well as repairing set out cars bad ordered for defects. These Carman also routinely cover

a satellite yard for bad order repairs in La Salle, Colorado, where the Union Pacific has taken full advantage of not having certified mechanical inspectors on the property. The amount of freight cars and trains that arrive and depart through the terminal of Cheyenne has been cut as well. The lack of equipment to process bad order cars has added an additional delay to customers' goods being placed back online to be delivered to destination.

North Platte, Nebraska Our primary location has dwindled from 353 Carman on our roster to 186, but the actively working number hovers around 168. The largest classification yard in North America has lost countless numbers of yard positions of inbound, outbound and through inspectors at the behest of PSR. The number of Carmen whose daily duties of repairing freight cars has been pulverized by PSR metrics such as Key Performance Indicator (KPI), a tool used to maximize productivity. This productivity push has come at a major risk to the employees' health and overall well-being. Never in my 14 years as an employee have I seen people being forced to perform such physically demanding tasks as I have with the implementation of PSR principles.

The Outbound traffic in North Platte has been slowed immensely through the implementation of the PSR. The Carmen in the outbound yards for departing manifest trains have been cut by an average of 2 carmen per shift. The same can be said for the inbound manifests as well. On average, North Platte origin yards departed 6-8 trains per shift, and now average 4-5 per shift. The greatest impact of traffic flow though the North Platte terminal is in the Run-Through traffic, which on average would process around 20 trains on the East and West sides, combined of a mixture of coal, grain, refrigerated food, as well and mixed container freight. The amount of trains worked now is roughly 10 for both the East and West side combined.

The Carrier would like to blame a manpower shortage for everything, but it is their self-inflicted business model that is clearly failing them. The Union Pacific continually boasts record profits with no real adaptation to reinvestment of its own infrastructure. The cost of this profiteering comes at the hands of a cut and demoralized labor force, as well as the resulting terrible customer service that has greatly interrupted this country's supply lines. For example, it is not uncommon for trains to be parked outside of the terminal in order for the company to meet its own goals of "terminal dwell," only to sit for anywhere from 4 hours to 24 hours, as Carman have been sent out on line-of-road to air test trains previously tested in North Platte as they have not had locomotive power generating air. The FRA has granted multiple waivers such as cars being able to be left off air for 24 hours, which has done nothing but aide the carrier in their ability to let cars sit until they have a desired consist to maximize profits from only using one crew to move their freight when it is convenient for them, but not for the customer.

The lack of tools and equipment system-wide has added to the Carriers inability to get bad ordered or set out cars back into service for the customers. There is minimal-to-no replacement of tools and equipment that is used to process bad order cars. Portable jacks are being rebuilt in great excess of the manufacturers' specifications, and are only replaced once they fail in a catastrophic nature, such as a car being tipped over on the line-of-road due to the jack's failure. More time is spent trying to make due with broken-down and worn-out equipment that causes indirect downtime in the repairing of freight cars. But the truly appalling issue is that worker safety has become sidelined in an effort to save money by not replacing the necessary tools and equipment needed to perform work safely and get rolling stock back into service.

The safety of workers has never been so carelessly cast aside in the name of driving corporate profits. North Platte alone has a rolling average of 15 to 26 workers on Medical Leave of Absence due to work-related personal injuries, as well as the physical abuses these workers are expected to put their

bodies through daily. The human body can only sustain so much before it breaks down, not only physically but emotionally and mentally as well.

The toll the railroad industry has suffered at the hands of the PSR methods are truly endless and unfathomable. Families and communities have been destroyed in the name of corporate greed. Our nation's supply chains have also witnessed the effects of PSR through major shipping delays. The Union Pacific railroad weaponizes a variety of FRA waivers under the guise of "streamlining" operations, but at a cost to employees and customers. These waivers also aid the carrier in foregoing a variety of safety countermeasures and processes, which in turn come at a cost to public safety.

Respectfully,

Kyle Berliner Local Chairman, Lodge 6832 Brotherhood of Railway Carmen (BRC/TCU/IAM) 510 S. Vine St. North Platte, Ne 69101